

#16,  
DIA  
9/9/03

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

03 JUL 28 PM '03

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT &amp; TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Graff et al.  
Serial. No. : 10/002,631      Examiner: To Be Assigned  
Filed : October 31, 2001      Group Art Unit: To Be Assigned  
For : METHOD TO IDENTIFY SIGNAL SEQUENCES

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.131

Professor Jonathon M. Graff residing at 3124 Milton Ave, Dallas, TX, 75205 and  
Matthew R. Muenster residing at 2014 Royal Oaks Drive, Irving, TX 75060 declare as follows:

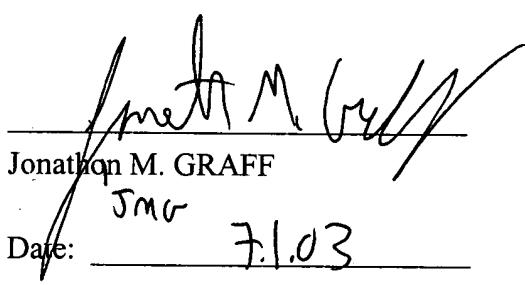
1. We are the applicants of the above-identified patent application and coinventors of the subject matter described and claimed therein.
2. Prior to March 9, 2001, we completed the invention described and claimed in the subject application, in this country. The following set of facts demonstrate conception and reduction to practice of the subject matter of the present invention prior to March 9, 2001, the filing date of Tan et al. (US2002/012755A1).
3. Prior to March 9, 2001, Matthew R. Muenster prepared a vector comprising an ampicillin resistance (AmpR) gene with the native signal sequence deleted as a backbone vector for cloning the vector of the present invention. A copy of the relevant notebook data pages is attached as Exhibit A. The dates from Exhibit A are redacted.
4. Prior to March 9, 2001, Matthew R. Muenster prepared a vector comprising genes encoding known secreted proteins, e.g. leptin, directionally cloned upstream of the AmpR gene. Matthew R. Muenster shows that host cells transformed with this vector survived on

selection media. Expression of a cDNA fragment encoding a protein comprising a signal sequence confers survival of the host cell on selection media. A copy of the relevant notebook data pages is attached as Exhibit B. The dates from Exhibit B are redacted.

5. Prior to March 9, 2001, Matthew R. Muenster confirmed the sequence of the vector comprising the leptin gene cloned upstream of the AmpR gene. A copy of the relevant notebook data pages is attached as Exhibit C. The dates from Exhibit C are redacted.

6. Each of the dates redacted from Exhibits A-C is prior to March 9, 2001. Furthermore, each of the dates redacted from Exhibits A-C is prior to March 30, 2001.

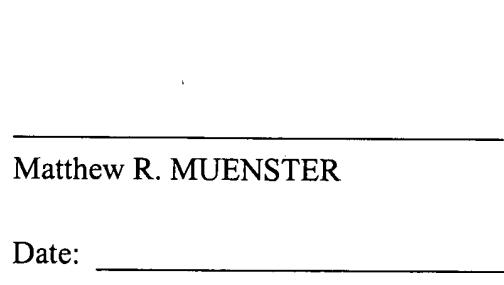
7. We declare further that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

  
Jonathon M. GRAFF

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

JMR

7.1.03

  
Matthew R. MUENSTER

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

03 JUL 23 11:33:09

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE**

Applicant : Graff et al.  
Serial. No : 10/002,631 Examiner: To Be Assigned  
Filed : October 31, 2001 Group Art Unit: To Be Assigned  
For : METHOD TO IDENTIFY SIGNAL SEQUENCES

**DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.131**

Professor Jonathon M. Graff residing at 3124 Milton Ave, Dallas, TX, 75205 and  
510 Rochelle. <sup>new</sup> 75062 <sup>new</sup>  
Dr. Matthew R. Muenster residing at 2014 Royal Oaks Drive, Irving, TX 75060 declare as follows:

1. We are the applicants of the above-identified patent application and coinventors of the subject matter described and claimed therein.
2. Prior to March 9, 2001, we completed the invention described and claimed in the subject application, in this country. The following set of facts demonstrate conception and reduction to practice of the subject matter of the present invention prior to March 9, 2001, the filing date of Tan et al. (US2002/012755A1).
3. Prior to March 9, 2001, Matthew R. Muenster prepared a vector comprising an ampicillin resistance (AmpR) gene with the native signal sequence deleted as a backbone vector for cloning the vector of the present invention. A copy of the relevant notebook data pages is attached as Exhibit A. The dates from Exhibit A are redacted.
4. Prior to March 9, 2001, Matthew R. Muenster prepared a vector comprising genes encoding known secreted proteins, e.g. leptin, directionally cloned upstream of the AmpR gene. Matthew R. Muenster shows that host cells transformed with this vector survived on

selection media. Expression of a cDNA fragment encoding a protein comprising a signal sequence confers survival of the host cell on selection media. A copy of the relevant notebook data pages is attached as Exhibit B. The dates from Exhibit B are redacted.

5. Prior to March 9, 2001, Matthew R. Muenster confirmed the sequence of the vector comprising the leptin gene cloned upstream of the AmpR gene. A copy of the relevant notebook data pages is attached as Exhibit C. The dates from Exhibit C are redacted.

6. Each of the dates redacted from Exhibits A-C is prior to March 9, 2001. Furthermore, each of the dates redacted from Exhibits A-C is prior to March 30, 2001.

7. We declare further that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

---

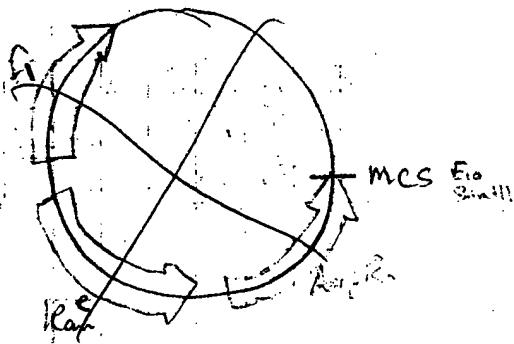
Jonathon M. GRAFF

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

*x* Matthew R. Muenster  
Matthew R. MUENSTER

Date: x 7/9/03

Cloning of a bacterial vector to generate use for secreted protein screening.

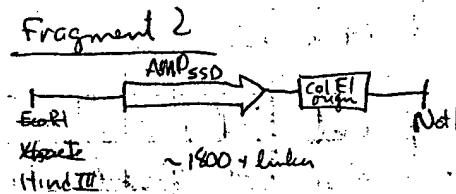
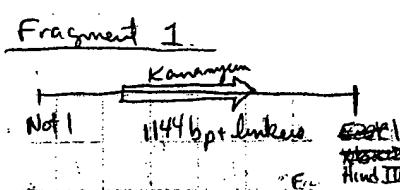


### Strategy

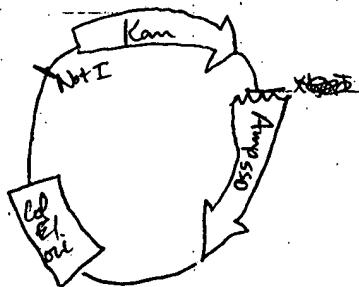
1) PCR 2 distinct fragments from the original vector, which when ligated will give the desired vector

2) Fragment 1 will contain the kanamycin resistance gene and the first part of the

Fragment 2 will contain the amp gene (w/o SS) and the Col E1 origin.



2) Once Ligate the two fragments to generate:



Now clone another vector that introduces Eco RI, ~~Xba I, Not I, Spe I~~ sites into the Hind III site. Clone the ~~Xba I, Not I~~ sites.

Kan 5' primer

5'-CCC ~~AA~~ GCTT CA GGGGCGCAA GGGCTGC -3'

Kan 3' primer

5'-CCC AA GCTT ACTCTT CCTTTTCAA TT CAG

Size: 1162 bp

Amp 5' primer

5'-CCC AA GCTT GATTC ~~GG~~ CACCCAGAAACGCTGGTG

Amp 3' primer

5'-CGCCGCTCCC GATTC GCA 5' CCC AA GCTT ATGTGA GCAAAA GGCC AGC -3'

Size - 1692 bp

5' - Seq Primer

5'-CCTTCTATCGCCCTTG -3'

5'-CGCCGCTCCC GATTC GCA 5' CCC AA GCTT ATGTGA GCAAAA GGCC AGC -3'

name pCR II-TOPO.

I had out of the  
ring but they have  
added.

JTP's.

ext?

二二

lemon

### sativ

total

THE JOURNAL

of this rxn.

Zul. St. Lig. Buffer

'Lugay'

water.

145

total 182 gN

1. Digest of  
attes ac II-TPB

A dark, high-contrast image showing a faint, blurry shape of a face. The face has a wide, toothy grin showing many white, sharp teeth. A single eye is visible on the left side, appearing as a bright white oval. The rest of the face is mostly black and indistinct.

pair mounted ACR II - 70102  
C. 13g II digest of soft  
pef II - 70102

Either: Bgl II did not cut  
or there is no Bgl II site  
as the sequence says.

ed 5 ml of this to 100 ml "old" comp cells and plated the entire amount onto 3 plates that TMP + I made. I got 0/ colony total and grew this up. results are shown above.

morning 12 am)

5'-CCGAGTGTAA 3'-  
2'-CCGAGTGTAA 5'-

gd 5011 : 3312

Amount of time

ג' - 2. בְּאַגְּרָתָךְ בְּאַגְּרָתָךְ בְּאַגְּרָתָךְ  
ג' - 3. בְּאַגְּרָתָךְ בְּאַגְּרָתָךְ בְּאַגְּרָתָךְ

qd 5pm - 3pm

Prepare PCR fragments for use in cloning the bacterial secretion screen vector.

Set up the following Rxn's.

Pfu

10  $\mu$ l Pfu Buffer  
4  $\mu$ l dNTP's  
1  $\mu$ l template (100 ng)  
5  $\mu$ l primer mix (50 ng/ $\mu$ l each)  
1  $\mu$ l Pfu Turbo  
79  $\mu$ l water  
100  $\mu$ l total.

Tag

Tag

2.5  $\mu$ l Tag Buffer  
0.8  $\mu$ l MgCl<sub>2</sub>  
0.2  $\mu$ l template  
1  $\mu$ l primer mix  
0.25  $\mu$ l Tag  
1  $\mu$ l dNTP's  
19.25  $\mu$ l water  
25  $\mu$ l Total

Rxn 1: - AD - Pfu.

2: Kan - Pfu.

3: + Cont - Pfu.

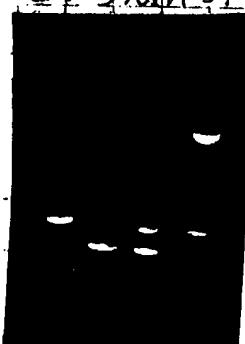
4: AD - Tag

5: Kan - Tag.

6: + Cont - Tag.



PCR cleaned the AD-Vert, Kan-Vert, and a Mix of the Tag Fragments. Eluted to 50  $\mu$ l EB. I digested 25  $\mu$ l of each eluate by adding 6  $\mu$ l Recat II, 2  $\mu$ l Hind III and 2  $\mu$ l Xba I. 37° 1 hr. Also did test digestions to ensure that the enzymes worked. That is shown to the right. PCR cleaned the 3 rxn's. Ran 2  $\mu$ l of each out on a gel.

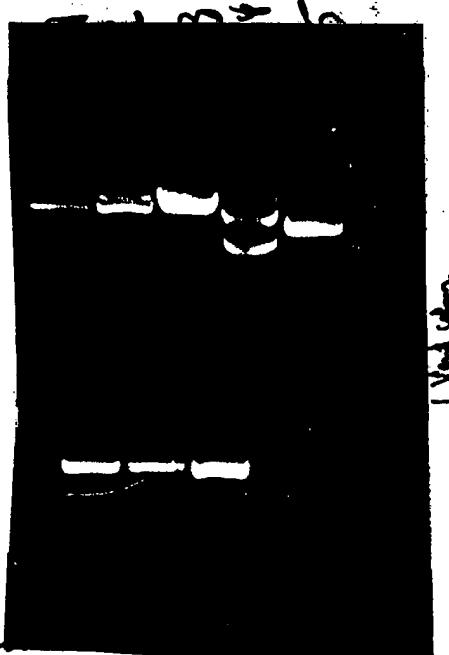


TA clone the Vent fragments in the following reactions.

| AO-Vent - <del>pCR</del> A-tagged |            | Kana-Vent - <del>pCR</del> A-tagged. (①) Control |           | - Cont                     |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--|-----------|----------------------------|
| Inv Buffer                        | 5 $\mu$ l  |  |           | 5 $\mu$ l                  |
| DNA                               | 1 $\mu$ l  |  |           | 2 $\mu$ l (Control Insert) |
| M-T-Easy                          | 1 $\mu$ l  |  |           | 1 $\mu$ l                  |
| DNA ligase                        | 1 $\mu$ l  |  |           | 1 $\mu$ l                  |
| iter                              | 2 $\mu$ l  |  |           | 3 $\mu$ l                  |
|                                   | 10 $\mu$ l | 5 $\mu$ l  | 1 $\mu$ l | 10 $\mu$ l                 |
|                                   |            | 1 $\mu$ l  |           |                            |
|                                   |            | 1 $\mu$ l  |           |                            |
|                                   |            | 1 $\mu$ l  |           |                            |
|                                   |            | 1 $\mu$ l  |           |                            |
|                                   |            | 1 $\mu$ l  |           |                            |
|                                   |            | 10 $\mu$ l                                       |           |                            |

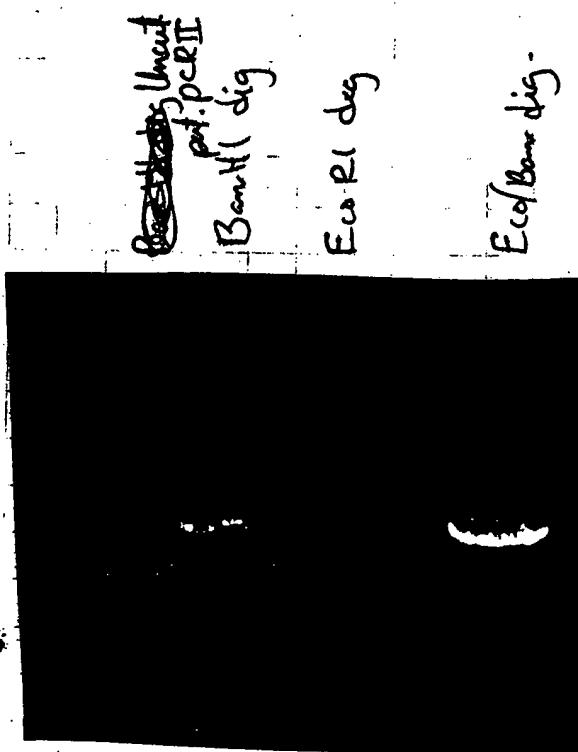
Plated all 10 ligations + pCR II + EB3 in <sup>PCR 2.1</sup> pCR II to different plates.

|                | Amp              | Kana             | Kana + Amp | Hind Kana |  |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Vent - dig     | —                | 0                | 0          | —         |  |
| Vent + dig     | —                | 1                | 0          | —         |  |
| Tag - dig      | —                | 0                | 0          | —         |  |
| Tag + dig      | —                | 0                | 0          | —         |  |
| S1DTP - dig    | 2                | —                | —          | —         |  |
| S1DTP + dig    | ~350             | —                | —          | —         |  |
| TA - AO        | ~300             | —                | —          | —         |  |
| TA - Kana      | ~500             | —                | —          | —         |  |
| TA + cont      | ~300             | —                | —          | —         |  |
| TA - cont      | ~40              | —                | —          | —         |  |
| pCR II xform   | lawn of colonies | ~200             | ~60        | ~35       |  |
| EB3            | lawn of colonies | ~300             | ~250       | ~60       |  |
| pCR II glystod | —                | lawn of colonies | —          | —         |  |



Picked 5 clones from the TA-Kana-fragment plate and plated them in LB+Amp and grew the AO's in LB+Amp and grew the Kana clones in LB+Kana. Only 3 of the LB+Kana's grew. All five of the AO's grew. I miniprep'd these and digested them w/ Hind III. All 3/2 appeared to be correct for the AO and all three clones of the Kana fragment K1, K2, K3 were correct. I cut out the bands, cleaned them, and set up ligations w/ them.

Did an EcoRI, BamHI digestion of pCRII to make a vector in which to clone my KcmI oligos so as to convert pCRII to a "homemade" TA cloning vector.



Either ① EcoRI did not cut or ② there is no Eco RI site in my clone.

Hypothesis 2 is consistent with the digest I did on 7/24 where I did an Eco/Bgl double digestion and concluded the Bgl did not work or its site was missing.

I need to sequence through the MCS of my clone to see what I got in the MCS.

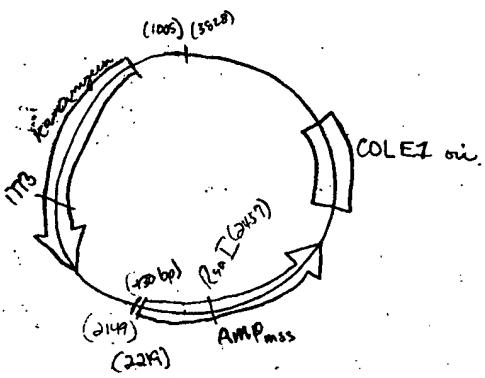
applying the new construct w/ Rsa I.

Rsa digests the parent plasmid @ 285 bps, 1773 bps, 2457 bps.  
This yields fragments of 684, 1488 bps, & 1728 bps.

My new clone will include bases 1005-2149,  
2219-3828.

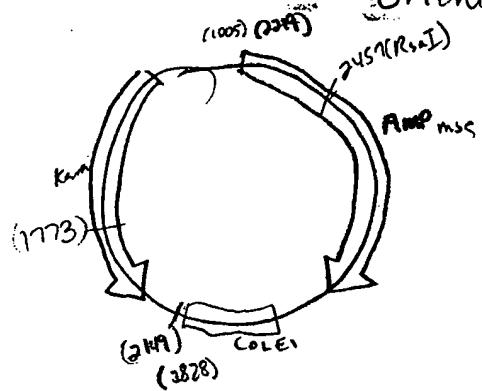
There are 2 Rsa sites in my new clone.

Orientation 1



2 possible clones (orientations)

Orientation 2.



Rsa dig yields 644 bps & 2140 bps.

Rsa yields 1030 bps & 1747 bps.

Setup the following ligations using the genecloned fragments:

|                                | K1   | K2   | K3   | A's | K's  |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|-----|------|
| K <sub>X</sub> Ligase Buffer 5 |      |      |      |     |      |
| T4 Ligase                      | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1   | 1    |
| frag K1                        | 1.0  | 0    | 0    | 0   | 0.33 |
| frag K2                        | 0    | 1.0  | 0    | 0   | 0.33 |
| frag K3                        | 0    | 0    | 1.0  | 0   | 0.33 |
| frag A1                        | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.5 | 0    |
| frag A2                        | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.5 | 0    |
| water                          | 2.5  | 2.5  | 2.5  | 3   | 3    |
|                                | 10   | 10   | 10   | 10  | 10   |

Ligated @ RT for 1 hr.

X-formed 20ul ONE SHOT's from Hank Lab w/ 5ul of each ligation  
5 min, - 1 min - 2 min; 40 min  
Plated half of each tube to LB + Kana; and LB + Kana + Amp plates.  
(colony counts are shown below)

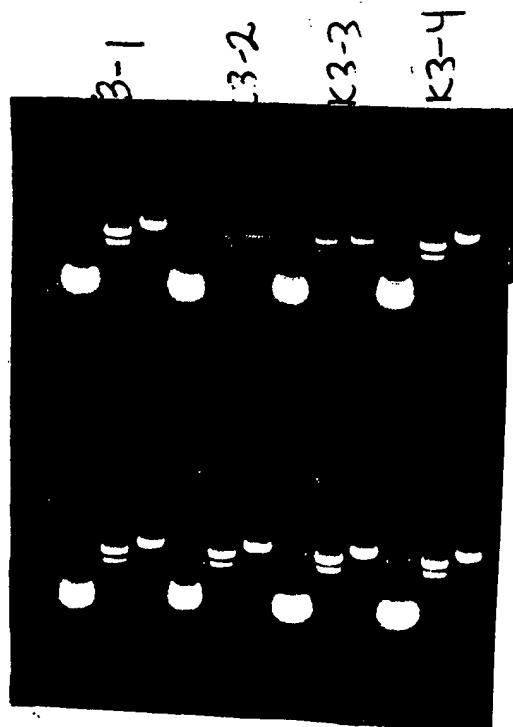
|                | <u>LB+Kana</u> | <u>LB+K+Amp</u> |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| K1             | 13             | 0               |
| K2             | 10             | 1               |
| K3             | 32             | 0               |
| A <sub>S</sub> | 0              | 0               |
| K1's           | 0              | 0               |

Picked 12 colonies from the LB + kanamycin plate and grew up in 2 ml LB + kan.

|                     | K3-1 | K3-2 | K3-3 | K3-4 | K3-5 | K3-6 | K3-7 | K3-8 | K3-9 | K3-10 | K3-11 | K3-12 |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Miniprep            | 25.0 | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Did Hind III        | 25.0 | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| and                 | 25.0 | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| <u>KsAT</u> digests | 0    | 2.0  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0  | 25.0  | 25.0  |
|                     | 0    | 2.0  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0  | 25.0  | 25.0  |
|                     | 0    | 2.0  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0  | 25.0  | 25.0  |
|                     | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     |

1 ml of TSI @ 30°C

incubated about 2 hr to determine growth. ETOH 30% kills bacteria.  
minimum 5 min 1 - min 2 - min 3 at that stage of growth



K3-1,4,5,6,7,8 are ~~not~~ correct in orientation 1.

K3-2,3 are correct and in orientation 2.

I will grow up K3-1-4 and miniprep them.

Student's Name

Subject

Dat

Bam  
 Eco  
 Hind  
 Sal  
 Xba

1 min digest

10 min digest

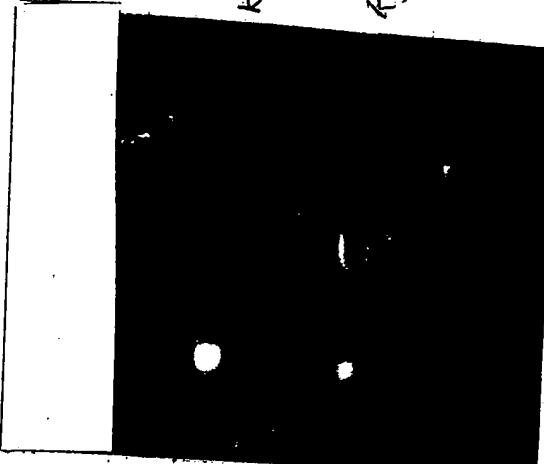
19

K3-1 UC-  
EcoRI

K3-2 UC-  
Bam  
Eco

K3-3

K3-4

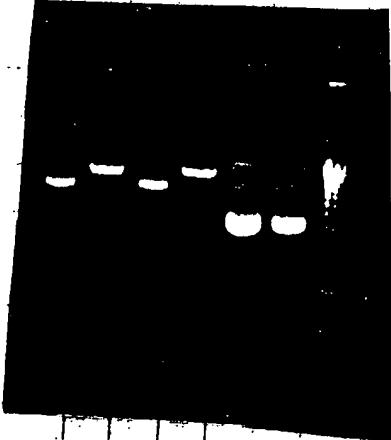


These  
look  
screamed  
up and  
different  
from the  
previous dig  
So I will  
do the midprep  
and repeat the  
digestions



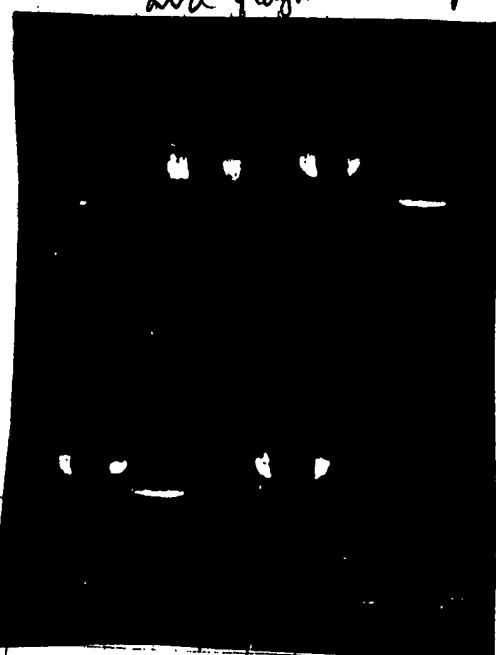
These  
look  
good as to  
the E.  
and Bam  
site are a  
and gave  
line  
the  
correct  
size

LEP2-Inverted  
LEP2 Inv BamHI



H  
5  
P2,  
PPAK6,  
do  
-

K3-1 to 4 dig w/ Eco Bam  
and fragments cut from gel.



Ordered primers for In-frame PCR to the amp construct

Ligations to Bacterial Vectors

|           | K    | A           |
|-----------|------|-------------|
| pCN II    | ~200 | ~2000       |
| 1-ins-lig | 1    | 0           |
| 1-ins+lig | 46   | ① - Pick    |
| 3-ins-lig | 0    | 0           |
| 3-ins+lig | 0    | 0           |
| 1-XGD     | 52   | 0           |
| 1-XGD     | 44   | ① - Pick.   |
| 3-XGD     | 413  | 0           |
| 3-XGD     | 17   | 0           |
| 1-T-LPL   | 60   | 0           |
| 1-V-LPL   | ~140 | ④ - Pick.   |
| 1-T-Lep   | 66   | ① - Pick 10 |
| 1-V-Lep   | 85   | 0 - Pick 10 |
| 1-T-PPARY | 49   | 7           |
| 1-V-PPARY | 60   | 2 - Pick 10 |
| 3-T-LPL   | 0    | 0           |
| 3-V-LPL   | 0    | 0           |
| 3-T-Lep2  | 1    | 0           |
| 3-V-Lep2  | 1    | ① - Pick.   |
| 3-T-PPARY | 0    | 41          |
| 3-V-PPARY | 1    | 16          |

Screen of gene specific and one vector specific  
Kana 5' + gene 3'

Controls Kana 5' + Kana 3'

2.5 ml PCR Buffer  
0.8 ml MgCl<sub>2</sub>  
1 ml dNTP's  
1 ml primers  
0.25 ml Tag  
19.5 ml water  
25 ml

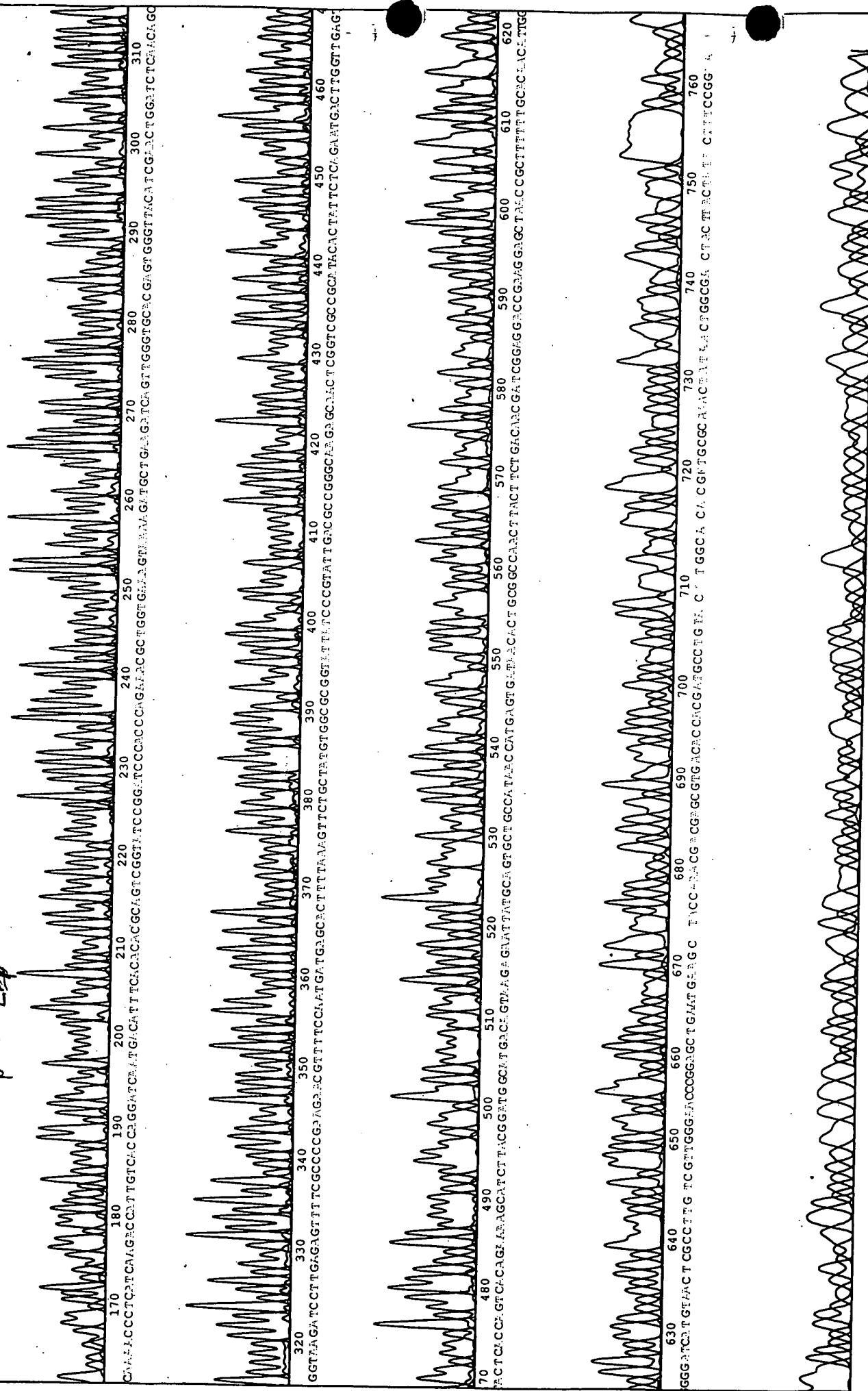
Picked colonies to LB + Kana. All the clones from the Kana plates grew but only the 1-T-Lep and the 1-XGD colonies from the amp plates grew.

Miniprep these and digested w/ Eco/Bam



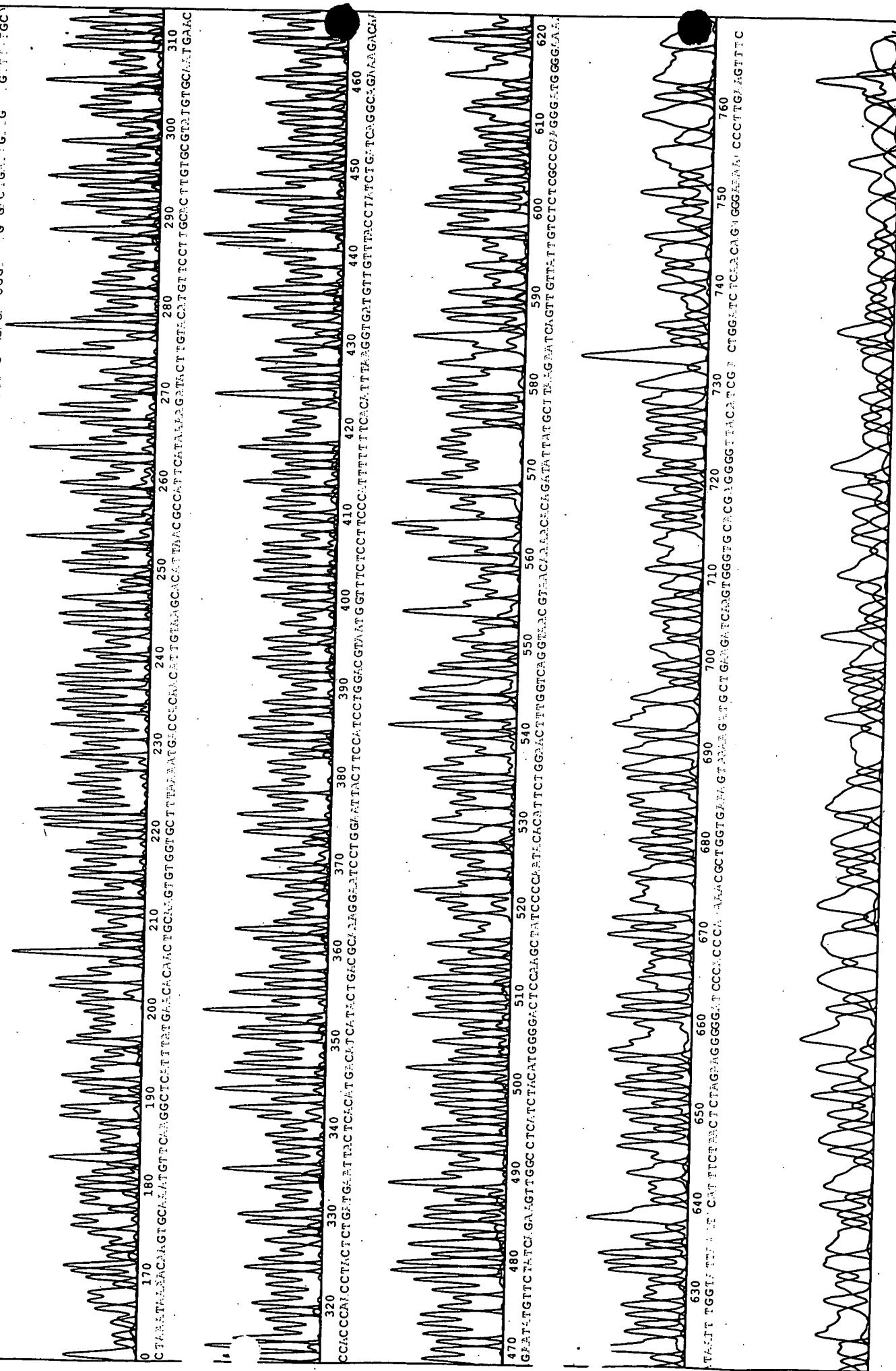
Both clones contain inserts and these were sequenced in the UTSW core.

pass - L50



File: pBSS-XGDI-For.seq Sample: S025

Sample: S02592.UTS-3-CPI



• leptin fragment is exactly as I cloned it. So it appears good.  
 The XG1 fragment contains one ORF in frame w/ the  $\beta$ -lactamase gene.  
 It codes for the following peptide.

Encoded by XG1 insert:

Amp

MGKIIILLNNTLTLEWGSHPETLVVKVDAEDQLGA

### euk network

Is the sequence a signal peptide?

| Measure | Position | Value | Cutoff | Conclusion |
|---------|----------|-------|--------|------------|
| max. C  | 21       | 0.325 | 0.37   | NO         |
| max. Y  | 21       | 0.474 | 0.34   | YES        |
| max. S  | 13       | 0.934 | 0.88   | YES        |
| mean S  | 1-20     | 0.752 | 0.48   | YES        |

Most likely cleavage site between pos. 20 and 21: SHP-ET

is this does potentially encode a secreted peptide -

then did PCR again and TA cloned the fragments of LPL, PPARD, & Lep.  
 These were then cut out and gene cleaned -

